# Question ID 2937ef4f

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

### ID: 2937ef4f

Hector used a tool called an auger to remove corn from a storage bin at a constant rate. The bin contained 24,000 bushels of corn when Hector began to use the auger. After 5 hours of using the auger, 19,350 bushels of corn remained in the bin. If the auger continues to remove corn at this rate, what is the total number of hours Hector will have been using the auger when 12,840 bushels of corn remain in the bin?

- A. 3
- B. 7
- C. 8
- D. 12

### ID: 2937ef4f Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. After using the auger for 5 hours, Hector had removed 24,000 – 19,350 = 4,650 bushels of corn from the storage bin. During the 5-hour period, the auger removed corn from the bin at a constant rate of  $\frac{4,650}{5} = 930$  bushels per hour. Assuming the auger continues to remove corn at this rate, after x hours it will

have removed 930x bushels of corn. Because the bin contained 24,000 bushels of corn when Hector started using the auger, the equation 24,000 - 930x = 12,840 can be used to find the number of hours, x, Hector will have been using the auger when 12,840 bushels of corn remain in the bin. Subtracting 12,840 from both sides of this equation and adding 930x to both sides of the equation yields 11,160 = 930x. Dividing both sides of this equation by 930 yields x = 12. Therefore, Hector will have been using the auger for 12 hours when 12,840 bushels of corn remain in the storage bin.

Choice A is incorrect. Three hours after Hector began using the auger, 24,000 - 3(930) = 21,210 bushels of corn remained, not 12,840. Choice B is incorrect. Seven hours after Hector began using the auger, 24,000 - 7(930) = 17,490 bushels of corn will remain, not 12,840. Choice C is incorrect. Eight hours after Hector began using the auger, 24,000 - 8(930) = 16,560 bushels of corn will remain, not 12,840.

# Question ID b7e6394d

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

### ID: b7e6394d

Alan drives an average of 100 miles each week. His car can travel an average of 25 miles per gallon of gasoline. Alan would like to reduce his weekly expenditure on gasoline by \$5. Assuming gasoline costs \$4 per gallon, which equation can Alan use to determine how many fewer average miles, m, he should drive each week?

A. 
$$\frac{25}{4}m = 95$$

B. 
$$\frac{25}{4}m = 5$$

$$c. \frac{4}{25}m = 95$$

D. 
$$\frac{4}{25}m = 5$$

#### ID: b7e6394d Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. Since gasoline costs \$4 per gallon, and since Alan's car travels an average of 25 miles per  $\frac{4}{25}$  gives the cost, in dollars per mile, to drive the car. Multiplying  $\frac{4}{25}$  by m gives the cost for Alan to drive m miles in his car. Alan wants to reduce his weekly spending by \$5, so setting  $\frac{4}{25}$  m equal to 5 gives the number of miles, m, by which he must reduce his driving.

Choices A, B, and C are incorrect. Choices A and B transpose the numerator and the denominator in the 25 fraction. The fraction 4 would result in the unit miles per dollar, but the question requires a unit of dollars per mile. Choices A and C set the expression equal to 95 instead of 5, a mistake that may result from a misconception that Alan wants to reduce his driving by 5 miles each week; instead, the question says he wants to reduce his weekly expenditure by \$5.

# **Question ID e6cb2402**

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••

### ID: e6cb2402

$$3(kx+13) = \frac{48}{17}x + 36$$

In the given equation, k is a constant. The equation has no solution. What is the value of k?

### ID: e6cb2402 Answer

Correct Answer: .9411, .9412, 16/17

#### Rationale

The correct answer is  $\frac{16}{17}$ . It's given that the equation  $3(kx+13)=\frac{48}{17}x+36$  has no solution. A linear equation in the form ax+b=cx+d, where a, b, c, and d are constants, has no solution only when the coefficients of x on each side of the equation are equal and the constant terms aren't equal. Dividing both sides of the given equation by x yields x and x are x and x are x and x are equal of the equation must be equal, it follows that the value of x is x and x are examples of ways to enter a correct answer.

# Question ID ae2287e2

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

#### ID: ae2287e2

A certain product costs a company \$65 to make. The product is sold by a salesperson who earns a commission that is equal to 20% of the sales price of the product. The profit the company makes for each unit is equal to the sales price minus the combined cost of making the product and the commission. If the sales price of the product is \$100, which of the following equations gives the number of units, u, of the product the company sold to make a profit of \$6,840 ?

A. 
$$(100(1-0.2)-65)u = 6,840$$

B. 
$$(100-65)(1-0.8)u = 6,840$$

$$c. 0.8(100) - 65u = 6.840$$

D. 
$$(0.2(100) + 65)u = 6.840$$

#### ID: ae2287e2 Answer

Correct Answer: A

#### Rationale

Choice A is correct. The sales price of one unit of the product is given as \$100. Because the salesperson is awarded a commission equal to 20% of the sales price, the expression 100(1 - 0.2) gives the sales price of one unit after the commission is deducted. It is also given that the profit is equal to the sales price minus the combined cost of making the product, or \$65, and the commission: 100(1 - 0.2) - 65. Multiplying this expression by u gives the profit of u units: (100(1 - 0.2) - 65)u. Finally, it is given that the profit for u units is \$6,840; therefore (100(1 - 0.2) - 65)u = \$6,840.

Choice B is incorrect. In this equation, cost is subtracted before commission and the equation gives the commission, not what the company retains after commission. Choice C is incorrect because the number of units is multiplied only by the cost but not by the sale price. Choice D is incorrect because the value 0.2 shows the commission, not what the company retains after commission.

# Question ID 771bd0ca

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

# ID: 771bd0ca

$$5(t+3) - 7(t+3) = 38$$

What value of  $\boldsymbol{t}$  is the solution to the given equation?

### ID: 771bd0ca Answer

Correct Answer: -22

Rationale

The correct answer is -22. The given equation can be rewritten as -2(t+3)=38. Dividing both sides of this equation by -2 yields t+3=-19. Subtracting 3 from both sides of this equation yields t=-22. Therefore, -22 is the value of t that is the solution to the given equation.

# **Question ID 90095507**

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

ID: 90095507

## **Townsend Realty Group Investments**

Property address	Purchase price (dollars)	Monthly rental price (dollars)
Clearwater Lane	128,000	950
Driftwood Drive	176,000	1,310
Edgemont Street	70,000	515
Glenview Street	140,000	1,040
Hamilton Circle	450,000	3,365

The Townsend Realty Group invested in the five different properties listed in the table above. The table shows the amount, in dollars, the company paid for each property and the corresponding monthly rental price, in dollars, the company charges for the property at each of the five locations. Townsend Realty purchased the Glenview Street property and received a 40% discount off the original price along with an additional 20% off the discounted price for purchasing the property in cash. Which of the following best approximates the original price, in dollars, of the Glenview Street property?

- A. \$350,000
- B. \$291,700
- C. \$233,300
- D. \$175,000

ID: 90095507 Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. Let x be the original price, in dollars, of the Glenview Street property. After the 40% discount, the price of the property became 0.6x dollars, and after the additional 20% off the discounted price, the price of the property became 0.8(0.6x). Thus, in terms of the original price of the property, x, the purchase price of the property is 0.48x. It follows that 0.48x = 140,000. Solving this equation for x gives  $x = 291,666.\overline{6}$ . Therefore, of the given choices, \$291,700 best approximates the original price of the Glenview Street property.

Choice A is incorrect because it is the result of dividing the purchase price of the property by 0.4, as though the purchase price were 40% of the original price. Choice C is incorrect because it is the closest to dividing the purchase price of the property by 0.6, as though the purchase price were 60% of the original price. Choice D is incorrect because it is the result of dividing the purchase price of the property by 0.8, as though the purchase price were 80% of the original price.

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••

#### ID: 0cb57740

Each side of a 30-sided polygon has one of three lengths. The number of sides with length 8 centimeters (cm) is 5 times the number of sides n with length 3 cm. There are 6 sides with length 4 cm. Which equation must be true for the value of n?

- A. 5n + 6 = 30
- B. 6n + 6 = 30
- C. 8n + 3n + 4n = 30
- D. 8(5n) + 3n + 4(6) = 30

# ID: 0cb57740 Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. It's given that each side of a 30-sided polygon has one of three lengths. It's also given that the number of sides with length 8 centimeters (cm) is 5 times the number of sides n with length 3 cm. Therefore, there are  $5 \times n$ , or 5n, sides with length 8 cm. It's also given that there are 6 sides with length 4 cm. Therefore, the number of 3 cm, 4 cm, and 8 cm sides are n, 6, and 5n, respectively. Since there are a total of 30 sides, the equation n + 6 + 5n = 30 represents this situation. Combining like terms on the left-hand side of this equation yields 6n + 6 = 30. Therefore, the equation that must be true for the value of n is 6n + 6 = 30.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••

### ID: aee9fd2d

If  $\frac{x+6}{3} = \frac{x+6}{13}$ , the value of x+6 is between which of the following pairs of values?

- A. -7 and -3
- B. -2 and 2
- C. 2 and 7
- D. **8** and **13**

# ID: aee9fd2d Answer

Correct Answer: B

Rationale

Choice B is correct. Multiplying both sides of the given equation by (3)(13), or 39, yields  $(39)\left(\frac{x+6}{3}\right)=(39)\left(\frac{x+6}{13}\right)$ , or 13(x+6)=3(x+6). Subtracting 3(x+6) from both sides of this equation yields 10(x+6)=0. Dividing both sides of this equation by 10 yields x+6=0. Therefore, if  $\frac{x+6}{3}=\frac{x+6}{13}$ , then the value of x+6 is 0. It follows that of the given choices, the value of x+6 is between -2 and 2.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice C is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

# Question ID 3f8a701b

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

## ID: 3f8a701b

The equation 9x + 5 = a(x + b), where a and b are constants, has no solutions. Which of the following must be true?

I. 
$$a = 9$$

II. 
$$b = 5$$

III. 
$$b \neq \frac{5}{9}$$

- A. None
- B. I only
- C. I and II only
- D. I and III only

# ID: 3f8a701b Answer

Correct Answer: D

Rationale

Choice D is correct. For a linear equation in a form ax + b = cx + d to have no solutions, the x-terms must have equal coefficients and the remaining terms must not be equal. Expanding the right-hand side of the given equation yields 9x + 5 = ax + ab. Inspecting the x-terms, 9 must equal a, so statement I must be true.

Inspecting the remaining terms, 5 can't equal 9b. Dividing both of these quantities by 9 yields that b can't

 $\frac{5}{9}$  equal  $\frac{5}{9}$ . Therefore, statement III must be true. Since b can have any value other than  $\frac{5}{9}$ , statement II may or may not be true.

Choice A is incorrect. For the given equation to have no solution, both a=9 and  $b\neq \frac{5}{9}$  must be true. Choice B is incorrect because it must also be true that  $b\neq \frac{5}{9}$ . Choice C is incorrect because when a=9, there are many values of b that lead to an equation having no solution. That is, b might be 5, but b isn't required to be 5.

# Question ID 628300a9

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty	
SAT	Math	Algebra	Linear equations in one variable	•••	

#### ID: 628300a9

A science teacher is preparing the 5 stations of a science laboratory. Each station will have either Experiment A materials or Experiment B materials, but not both. Experiment A requires 6 teaspoons of salt, and Experiment B requires 4 teaspoons of salt. If *x* is the number of stations that will be set up for Experiment A and the remaining stations will be set up for Experiment B, which of the following expressions represents the total number of teaspoons of salt required?

- A. 5x
- B. 10x
- C.2x + 20
- D. 10x + 20

#### ID: 628300a9 Answer

Correct Answer: C

Rationale

Choice C is correct. It is given that x represents the number of stations that will be set up for Experiment A and that there will be 5 stations total, so it follows that 5 - x is the number of stations that will be set up for Experiment B. It is also given that Experiment A requires 6 teaspoons of salt and that Experiment B requires 4 teaspoons of salt, so the total number of teaspoons of salt required is 6x + 4(5 - x), which simplifies to 2x + 20.

Choices A, B, and D are incorrect and may be the result of not understanding the description of the context.